

The London Gazette.

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From Tuesday May 8, to Saturday May 12, 1753.

AT the Court at St. James's, the 10th Day of May, 1753,

P R E S E N T,

The King's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Signior John Baptist Gaftaldi, Minister of the most Serene Republick of Genoa, hath presented a Memorial to his Majesty at this Board, representing, That ever since the Re-establishment of Peace by the Treaty of Aix la Chapelle, the said most Serene Republick, has taken all the Care possible, for settling such Regulations, as might secure Tranquility in the Island of Corsica, which at present is the only Place in Europe, where the Troubles are not entirely ceased; That there is Reason to imagine, the whole Island would return to its Duty towards its ancient and lawful Sovereign, if it was not for the Perfidy of some of the Chiefs of the Malecontents, who endeavour to foment the Spirit of Rebellion, and do their utmost to make it continue; and that one of the best Means to elude the Efforts of these Chiefs would be, by hindering all Foreign Ships from Landing in Corsica new Succours for the Rebels, and therefore the said Minister humbly requested, that his Majesty would be pleased to issue his Royal Orders, to prohibit his Subjects from giving any Assistance to the Corsican Rebels, in like Manner as his Majesty had been formerly pleased to do upon Applications of this Kind made by the said Minister, in the Fifth and Tenth Years of his Majesty's Reign—His Majesty having taken the said Memorial into his Royal Consideration, and being desirous of giving all further just and reasonable Satisfaction to his Majesty's said good Friends and Allies, the Republick of Genoa, and to maintain inviolably the Peace and Friendship subsisting between his Majesty and them, is hereby pleased, with the Advice of his Privy Council, strictly to charge and command, all his Majesty's Subjects, of what Condition soever they be, that they forbear to give, or furnish, Aid, Assistance, Countenance, or Succour, by any Ways or Means whatsoever, to any of the Inhabitants of the Island of Corsica in Rebellion against the said most Serene Republick, upon Pain not only of his Majesty's high Displeasure, but of suffering such Punishment as by Law may be inflicted on such as wilfully violate his Majesty's

Treaties, and infringe the Peace and Friendship subsisting between his Majesty and any Foreign Princes or States—And to the End, that all his Majesty's Subjects may be informed hereof, it is his Majesty's Commands, that this Order be printed and published in the London Gazette:

W. Sharpe.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Hugh Earl of Northumberland to be Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northumberland, and of the Town and County of Newcastle upon Tyne—His Lordship this Day took the Oaths appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Henry Lord Bernard to be Lord Lieutenant of the County of Durham—His Lordship this Day took the Oaths appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy.

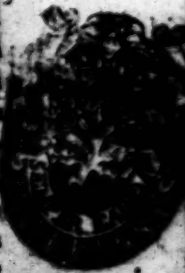
His Majesty having been pleased to appoint Sir William Lowther, Baronet, to be Lieutenant of the County of Westmoreland—He this Day took the Oaths appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy.

Naples, April 10. Their Majesties, who have been for some Weeks past at Caserta, are expected here on Saturday next. Last Week Sentence was pronounced against a Gang of fifteen Persons, who have, for some Time past, committed the greatest Outrages in this City, four of whom are to suffer Death, and the rest to work in the Gallies during Life.

Rome, April 17. The Duke and Dutchess of Wirtembourg, who some Days ago took a Tour to Naples, returned here on Saturday last. An Express having arrived at Court from Civita Vecchia, with an Account of the Death of the Chevalier Alberici, Commander of the Pope's Gallies, that Employment is already conferred on the Chevalier Ferretti, who is set out to take upon him that Command. By Letters received this Post from different Ports of the Ecclesiastical State, we are informed, that several Ships and small coasting Vessels were cast away in the late tempestuous Weather, amongst which, an English Ship, laden chiefly with Woollen Goods, was drove on a Bank of Sand off Fiumicino, where she perished with all her Crew; and a

* French

[Price Two-Pence.]



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French Ship, loaden with Oil, suffered in like Manner a little Distance from Nuttuno.

Florence, April 17. Prince San-Severino, who is going to reside at the Court of Great Britain in Quality of Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Two Sicilies, left this Place the Beginning of last Week on his Way to London. They write from Vienna, that Count Richécourt, President of the Council of this Regency, having happily succeeded in his Commissions at that Court, proposes to set out shortly on his Return hither. We are informed by private Letters from Lombardy, that five Regiments of Foot are soon expected there from Germany, but whether they go as a Reinforcement of the Troops already there, or only to replace the like Number of Regiments, is at present uncertain. We hear from Plaisentia, that great Preparations are already making against the approaching Fair, which begins the 29th Instant, the Infant Duke of Parma having engaged to honour it with his Presence.

Stockholm, April 20. The King's Fever still continues, but as it now intermits, and the Fits are not so long nor so severe as they were a few Days since, his Physicians have great Hopes of his speedy Recovery. On Friday last the Corps of Baron Fuchs, late Governor of this City, and Knight of the Order of the Seraphins, was carried with great Funeral Pomp to the Church of Ridderholm, where it was interred. The same Day M. Skutenhielm, Secretary of State of the Department of the Royal Chancery, died here in a very advanced Age. His Majesty has named M. Sadolin to the vacant Professorship of Physick in the University of Abo. We have received Advice from Gottenbourg, that the Prince Charles, one of our East India Company's Ships, sailed from thence last Week for Canton in China.

Vienna, April 21. On the 19th Instant, being Maundy-Thursdai, the Emperor, attended by some of the principal Lords of his Court, performed the Ceremony of washing the Feet of twelve poor Men, whose Ages, put together, amounted to 934 Years; after which his Imperial Majesty served them at Table; and, when Dinner was over, each poor Man was presented with a compleat Suit of Cloaths, and several Pieces of Silver. The Empress Queen having ordered a large Edifice to be erected near the University, for the Professors to read publick Lectures and to reside in, the same will be begun soon after Easter; towards which Building it is said the States of Lower Austria are to furnish a considerable Sum. On Thursday Morning last Count Caunitz Rittberg arrived in this City, and was the same Day introduced to their Imperial Majesties, and met with a gracious Reception.

Paris, April 27. The King has declared his Intention to review the French and Swiss Guards, on the 6th of next Month, in the Plains of Sablons. His Majesty has appointed the Duke d'Aiguillon to be his Lieutenant General in the County of Nantes, in the Room of the Duke of Chaulnes. We hear from Rochelle,

that the violent Storm of Wind that happened in the Night between the 4th and 5th Instant, reached also Nantes and Bourdeaux, where it did considerable Damage; and several small Vessels were drove on Shore along those Coasts. They write from Madrid, that the Drought they had there for some Time past, is at length succeeded by a fine soft Rain, which continued for several Days together, so that instead of the Scarcity with which they were threatened, they have now the Prospect of a plentiful Harvest, which has already reduced the Price of Corn, that was getting to a great Height, almost one Third. The same Letters add, that by their Advices from Catalonia, the Regiments intended to Form a Camp in that Province, arrive there successively from the interior Parts of the Kingdom.

Brussels, April 30. The Regency having been informed, that a great Quantity of Corn has been lately bought up, as well in this Province as in that of Hainault, in order to be sent to Valenciennes and Maubeuge, to fill the Magazines of those two Places, have absolutely forbid the same; and several Detachments of regular Troops are ordered to be posted on the Frontiers, to see the Orders given on this Occasion strictly carried into Execution. The Ordonnance published some Time since, to prevent the Circulation of the old Escalins, takes Place To-morrow, when all Persons possessed of any of those ancient Pieces of Coin, are required to carry them to the Mint. 'Tis said a Manufacture is going to be established here for the working of Iron and Steel, and that great Privileges are to be granted to all those concerned in it.

Rotterdam, May 3. Her Royal Highness the Princess Governante having approved of the Nomination that was laid before her of Burgo-masters and other Magistrates of this City for the Year ensuing, they are accordingly sworn into their respective Offices.

Hague, May 4. The Barons de Boetzelaer and Burmania, Deputies to the Council of State from the Provinces of Holland and Friseland, are appointed to visit the Fortifications, and view the Magazines of the City of Maastricht. Yesterday in the Afternoon the Marquess de Bonac, the French Ambassador, went to Court in the same State in which he made his publick Entry, where, being admitted to his first publick Audience of their High Mightinesses, he delivered his Credential Letters; and the Discourse, with which they were accompanied, having been answered, on the Part of their High Mightinesses, by Count Bentinck, President for the Week, the Ambassador was conducted to the Hotel of Prince Maurice, where an elegant Entertainment was provided, at which the Members of the Regency, and many other Persons of Distinction, were present.

Admiralty-Office, April 30, 1753.

His Majesty having been graciously pleased, by his Warrant under his Royal Sign Manual, dated the 10th of June, 1733, to establish certain Rules and Orders for the Relief of Poor Widows of Commission and War-rant Officers of the Royal Navy: These are to give Notice

that Copies of the said Rules and Orders are lodged with the Commissioners of his Majesty's Navy at Chatham, Portsmouth, and Plymouth; as also with the Clerks of the Checque at Deptford, Woolwich, and Sheerness; and with the Naval Officers at Harwich, Deal, and Kinsale; where all such Widows as intend to lay in their Claims, may be informed of all Particulars which entitle them to the Benefit of the said Charity, and receive the proper Certificates for that Purpose. But such Widows as live at too great a Distance from the Places above-mentioned, may apply by Letter to Mr. Charles Fearn, at the Admiralty Office, who will send them all necessary Information. And the Governors of the said Charity intending to distribute to the Widows of Sea Officers who died before the 30th of August 1732, as well as to the Widows of those who died since that Time, whose Circumstances come within the Rules of the Establishment, such Monies as may be due to them on the 31st Day of May next; This is to give Notice thereof, that any Widows who have not yet applied, and intend to lay in their Claims, may do so as soon as possible; and that all such Widows whose Claims have been already allowed, may send or bring to this Office, by the 31st of next Month, the Affidavits required by the Rules, in order to their being continued upon the Pension or Bounty.

Navy-Office, May 3, 1753.

The Right Hon. the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury having appointed Money for paying Half Pay to Sea Officers, from the 30th of June 1752, to the 31st of December following, according to his Majesty's Establishment on that Behalf;

These are to give Notice, that the said Payment will begin to be made at the Treasurer of the Navy's Office in Broad Street, on Monday the 21st Instant, at Eight of the Clock in the Morning, and continued the following Day, beginning at the same Hour; That all Persons may then and there attend to receive what may become payable unto them, and not only bring with them the Affidavit required touching their not having enjoyed the Benefit of any publick Employment, either at Sea or on Shore, during the Time they are to be paid the said Half Pay, but also produce Certificates that they have subscribed to the Test, and taken the Oaths required by Act of Parliament to his present Majesty. And in Case any of the said Sea Officers shall not be able to attend themselves to receive their Money, but employ Attorneys for that Purpose, that the said Attorneys may produce the like Certificates and Affidavits from the Persons they are employed by.

Navy-Office, May 3, 1753.

The Principal Officers and Commissioners of his Majesty's Navy give Notice, That there is in the Hands of the Treasurer of the Navy, Money to pay off all Navy Bills register'd in the Months of April, May and June 1752, with the Interest due on such as carry the same, in order that those Persons who are possessed of the said Bills, may bring them to this Office to be assigned for Payment accordingly.

London, March 17, 1753.
General Post-Office.

Whereas a Person of about Six Feet high, Fifty Years of Age, of a Swarthy Complexion, much pitted with the Small Pox, and wore a darkish coloured Coat, and a brown Bob Wig, came last Night, about Six of the Clock, to the Shop of Mr. Thomas Harding, Goldsmith, in the Minories, and bought of him a straight bodied Silver Tankard, Weight 25 oz. 18 dwt. with the Letters C. D. marked, by his Desire, on the Handle thereof; and the said Person having given, in Payment, for the said Tankard, a Bank Post Bill, which was taken out of the Cirencester Mail, which was robbed on the 18th of April, 1751, and indorsed the said Bank Post Bill by the Name of Charles Drew.

This is therefore to give Notice to all Goldsmiths and others, to whom the said Tankard may be offered in Sale,

that whoever apprehends, or causes to be apprehended the Person above described, who is strongly suspected of having been a Principal, or an Accomplice in the said Robbery, shall, upon Conviction, be entitled to a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, over and above the Reward given by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen.

By Command of the Post-Master-General,
George Shelvocke, Secretary.

Tower of London, April 17, 1753.

The Lieutenant General and Principal Officers of his Majesty's Ordnance give Notice, that they will sell by publick Auction, on Thursday the 17th Day of May next, sundry Lots of Powder Horns, Lanterns, Cartouch Boxes, Muskets, Bayonets, Pistols, Musquet and Pistol Barrels, Swords, Spades, Shovels, Shivers, Old and Bushel Iron, Breechings, Tackles, Tarr'd Rope, and other old and unserviceable Stores lying in the Tower, where they may be viewed until the Time of Sale; and printed Lists of the Lots will be deliver'd to such Person as apply for them.

By Order of the Board,
Wm. Bogdani.

Advertisements.

Dr. ANDERSON's, or,
The Famous SCOTS PILLS;

ARE faithfully prepared only by JAMES INGLISH, Son of DAVID INGLISH, deceased, at the Unicorn, over-against the New Church in the Strand, London; and to prevent Counterfeits from Scotland, as well as in and about London, you are desired to take Notice, That the true Pills have their Boxes sealed on the Top (in black Wax) with a Lyon Rampant, and Three Mulletts Argent, Dr. Anderson's Head betwixt I. L. with his Name round it; and Isabella Inghish underneath the Shield in a Scroll. They are of excellent Use in all Cases where Purging is necessary, and may be taken with Epsom, Tunbridge, or other Medicinal Waters.

DR. JAMES's Powder for FEVERS, and other Inflammatory Distempers, published by Virtue of His MAJESTY's ROYAL LETTERS PATENT, will remove (as has been experienced in many thousand Cases) any continual acute Fever in a few Hours, though attended with Convulsions, Light-headedness, and the worst Symptoms; But if taken in the Beginning of a Fever, one Dose is generally sufficient to perform a Cure.

It is likewise a most effectual Remedy for all Internal Inflammation, Pleurifies, Quincies, acute Rheumatisms, and the Lowness of Spirits, and Uneasinesses proceeding from slow and latent Fevers, which are generally mistaken for Vapours and Hysterics; and a single Dose remarkably stops the Progress of a Cold, and certainly prevents the ill Consequences arising from that very common Disorder, the Source of almost all Distempers.

This Powder (which is a very safe and pleasant Medicine to take) is sold by J. Newbery at the Bible and Sun in St. Paul's Church-yard, over-against the North Door of the Church, at 2 s. 6 d. the two Doses, with good Allowance to those who buy it for charitable Uses, or to sell again; and by James Edsall, Printer, on the Blind Quay, Dublin.

* See a Dissertation on Fevers, and other Inflammatory Distempers, sold at the Place above-mentioned. Price 6 d.

TO be peremptorily sold, on Thursday the 21st Day of June next; between the Hours of Four and Six of the Clock in the Afternoon, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Thomas Lane, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, The Freehold and Copyhold Estates, late of John Eldred, Esq; deceased, situate in the Parishes of Chevington and Chedburgh, (near Bury St. Edmund's) in the County of Suffolk; consisting of two Farms each; let at the yearly Rent of 54 l. and a Wood of six Acres, between Ten and Eleven Years Growth. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Office in Carey-street.

TO be sold separately, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Francis Eld, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn in Chancery-Lane, London, Thirteen Annuities, amounting together to 660 l. payable during the Life of Thomas Scawen, Esq;. Further Particulars to be had at the said Master's Chambers.

TO